



Real-Time Hand Gesture Detection and Translation

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ABSTRACT

Due to the huge advancements in computer vision research in recent years, many real-world tasks can be automated without human intervention using deep learning models. Hand gesture detection and translation is also one such area where using a person's webcam, the hand gestures can be automatically detected and translated accurately. In this paper, we have explained our research on developing a real-time hand gesture detection and translation web application. Details about our implementation and the tools used are given. Finally, a summary of the results, future scope and conclusion are explained.

KEYWORDS: Hand gesture detection, Deep learning, Machine learning, Computer vision, Tensorflow, React, JavaScript.

INTRODUCTION

Hand gesture recognition is one of the hot topics of research in the past few years. It has a wide range of applications including but not limited to human-computer interaction and sign language translation. Real-time sign language translation will help many people to communicate not only with other people but also with computers. It will help in making deaf and dumb people more independent by reducing the need for personal translators.

This project aims to create a robust real-time hand gesture detection and translation web application that is easy to use for everyone and provides the output instantly with as high accuracy as possible. This project benefits society as a whole by helping the disabled community by providing them with a platform for easier communication.

We have divided the hand gesture detection and translation process into two main parts:

- detecting the locations of key points of all fingers

- using these key points to predict the gesture represented by the hand

The paper has been divided into the following sections: Section 2 explains the theory of the models used in the project. Section 3 gives details about our implementation and the tools used to develop the application. Section 4 describes the results of the application. The future scope has been described in Section 5. Finally, section 6 provides the conclusion of the paper.

THEORY

To develop the hand gesture detection and translation algorithm, we decided to use the handpose model from TensorFlow and fingerpose classifier. These models work together to form a pipeline for hand gesture detection starting from detecting whether a palm is present, then locating the key points to differentiate between different fingers and also the thumb to finally predict the gesture using the key points.

Handpose model

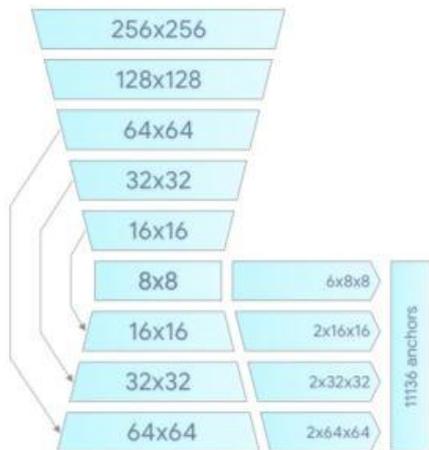


Fig. 1: Palm detector model architecture

Handpose model handles the first task of detecting a palm and locating the finger key points and gives their coordinates as output. This model uses two models for its pipeline:

- The palm detector model to detect the palm from the full-sized input image
- The landmark model that takes the cropped hand image from the palm detector model and predicts the landmark key points of all fingers

The palm detector model is used to improve the performance of the landmark model since landmarks are only detected when a hand is present in the image and the initial bounding box of the detected hand is continuously used to detect the hand key points until the hand is removed. This also reduces the need to run the palm detector model on every frame. This model is known as the BlazePalm detector and is trained to detect a palm instead of an entire hand with fingers since detecting a palm is much simpler and easier for the model because of the absence of individual fingers. It has been trained on a real-world dataset. It uses an encoder-decoder and a focal loss which gives an average precision of 95.7%.

The landmark model gives the following outputs:

- 21 finger key points including the x-coordinate, y-coordinate and relative depth
- Probability of hand being present in the given

image

- Classification of left-handed vs right-handed

The landmark model has been trained on real-world datasets as well as synthetically generated datasets. The synthetic dataset is used to train the model to predict the relative depth from the central landmark. This model is also trained to predict handedness using a binary classifier.

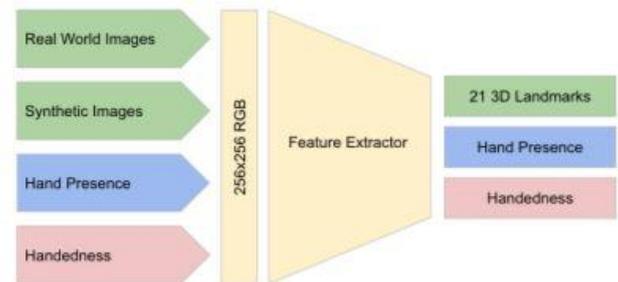


Fig. 2: Landmark model architecture

Fingerpose classifier

The fingerpose classifier works like an extension to the handpose model to complete the pipeline of gesture detection. It uses the landmarks given by the handpose model to estimate the hand gesture represented.

It works in two steps:

- Estimating the curls and direction of each finger using mathematical and geometric functions
- Comparing the results of curls and direction to predefined gesture descriptions to predict the closest matching gesture

We have defined 8 gestures that this model can recognize and translate in real-time using different curls and directions of each finger and thumb.

The following values are used for the accepted finger curls:

- NoCurl
- HalfCurl
- FullCurl

The following values are used for the accepted finger directions:

- Vertical Up
- Vertical Down
- Horizontal Left
- Horizontal Right
- Diagonal Up Right

- Diagonal Up Left
- Diagonal Down Right
- Diagonal Down Left

IMPLEMENTATION

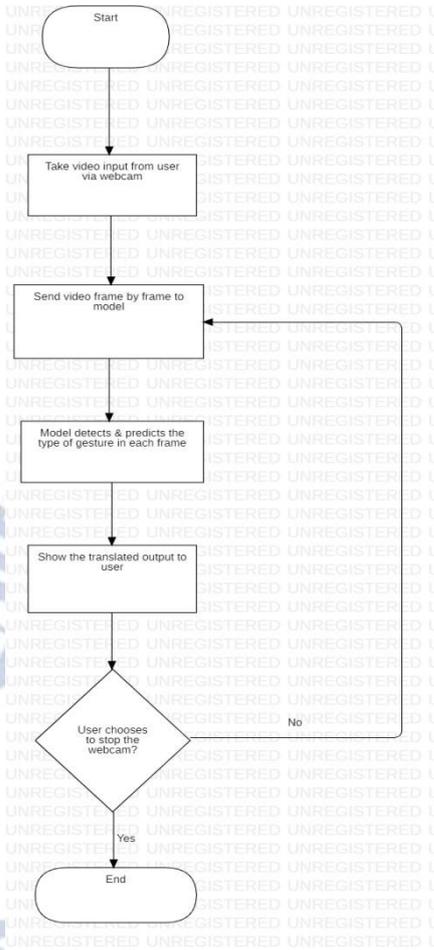


Fig. 3: Flow chart diagram of the web application

The following javascript libraries were used for the development of this project:

React

The React JavaScript framework was used to create the web application which is one of the most popular web frameworks currently. This particular framework was used because it is one of the best frameworks to handle real-time changes in the web page which is the biggest advantage for our website, as the predicted gesture output and visualizations are constantly being updated. React is an open-source library that is developed and maintained by Facebook. It was initially released on May 29, 2013.

TensorFlow Js

The TensorFlow library is the backbone of our models as the models are developed in TensorFlow and this library is needed to use and run the models. It is a machine learning library for JavaScript which can be used to develop and run models directly in the browser. It can also be used to convert python TensorFlow models to JavaScript-based models and retrain existing models on custom datasets.

React-webcam

The react-webcam library was used to get the user's video footage from the webcam so that it can be used for hand gesture detection. This library allows us to create a webcam component that can also be used to record the video footage.

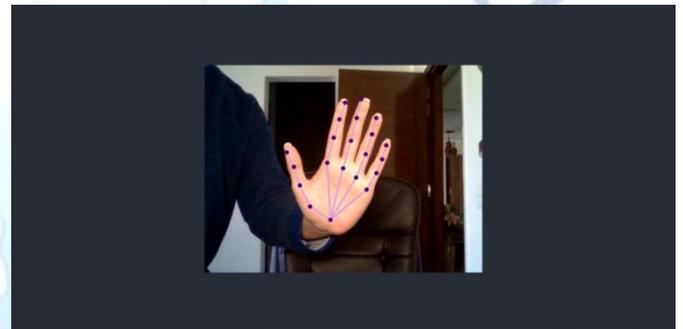


Fig. 4: Visualization of the hand created by drawHand module

The following steps were followed for the implementation of the project:

- A module was created to fetch the video feed from the user's webcam in React
- A canvas was created to display the webcam's feed to the user in a window where the results will be displayed
- The drawHand module was created to display the hand landmarks and join them to the palm to ensure the correct landmarks are detected and for better visualization for the user. This module used the hand landmarks predicted by the handpose model and looped in all the fingers and joined each pair of landmarks using lines. Canvas drawing functions were used to create the lines and arcs. See Figure 4 for the output.
- Eight gestures have been defined for recognition and translation of the gesture. Curls and directions of each finger have been defined for accurate

detection. Each gesture was defined in a separate JavaScript file

- The detect module was created which was used to perform the following tasks:
 1. Detect if the webcam video is currently being processed or not
 2. Set the attributes of the video and canvas such as height and width according to the input video
 3. Call the handpose model by passing it the video using the estimateHands method
 4. If a hand was detected by the handpose model, the gestures were initialized for the fingerpose classifier using the GestureEstimator method
 5. Call the fingerpose classifier by passing the hand landmarks given by the handpose model
 6. When the model detects a gesture it assigns a confidence score to multiple gestures, we loop through each confidence score of the gesture from the gesture array and identify the maximum confidence score to display the corresponding translation
 7. Call the drawHand module to visualize the hand
- runModel module was created to load the handpose model and then call the detect module every 100ms to continuously detect the gestures in real-time
- Finally, a module to display the result of the predicted gesture was created which displayed the emoji image corresponding to the detected gesture

RESULTS



Fig. 5: Working of the completed web application

The hand gesture detection web application can detect the following gestures:

- Victory
- Thumbs up
- Thumbs down

- I love you
- Point left
- Point right
- Okay
- Stop

The model has an average accuracy of 96.2%. After starting the web app, the user has to enable webcam access. The application starts to detect the gestures immediately in real-time showing the output as an image along with a text. The output is displayed every 100ms continuously as long as a hand is present and a suitable gesture is detected. Apart from the gesture output, the hand is also visualized using landmarks and lines.

FUTURE SCOPE

The project has a lot of scope for future enhancements to make it more useful, user-friendly as well as extend its functionalities. The following points describe some suitable extensions:

- Hand gesture detection pipeline can be used to translate sign language in real-time where individual letters can be combined to form a sentence in English and the whole output can be displayed to the user
- This pipeline can also be used to make a video calling application for deaf and dumb people so that they can communicate with others in real-time directly
- An application can be created to use different hand gesture inputs to control software like a web browser, video game or a productivity app without the use of a mouse and keyboard

CONCLUSION

We successfully built the project to detect hand gestures in real-time in a web application. We discussed the theory that we learned during the development of this project and also gained practical knowledge of the tools including but not limited to the React framework, handpose model, and the fingerpose classifier. We also discussed our approach to the implementation of this project using these technologies. We also described the results of the developed application along with its usage. Finally, we provided the opportunities for the future scope of this project and its wide range of

applications which are not only limited to personal use cases but also to commercial purposes for software companies to develop such applications.

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